

# 17420

**21415**

**3 Hours / 100 Marks**

Seat No.

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- Instructions* –
- (1) All Questions are *Compulsory*.
  - (2) Answer each next main Question on a new page.
  - (3) Illustrate your answers with neat sketches wherever necessary.
  - (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  - (5) Assume suitable data, if necessary.
  - (6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is permissible.
  - (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and any other Electronic Communication devices are not permissible in Examination Hall.

**Marks**

- 1. a) Attempt any SIX of the following: **12****
- (i) Define geology and state any one its importance in Civil Engineering.
  - (ii) State types of rocks based on their genesis.
  - (iii) Define faults and state any two types of it.
  - (iv) State importance of structural geology.
  - (v) Define:
    - 1) Void ratio
    - 2) Porosity

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- (vi) State field application of Geotechnical Engineering.
- (vii) State salient features of any one earthen dam in Maharashtra.
- (viii) State any four methods to find water content of soil sample.

b) **Attempt any TWO of the following:** **8**

- (i) State any four types of minerals with properties depending on light and state of aggregation.
- (ii) Define:
  - 1) Outcrop
  - 2) Dip
  - 3) Strike
  - 4) Fold
- (iii) State importance of soil as construction material in Civil Engineering.

2. **Attempt any FOUR of the following:** **16**

- a) State formation and classification of soil.
- b) Classify earthquakes on the basis of focus and origin.
- c) State methods of construction of earthquake resisting structures.
- d) State any four causes and two effect of earthquake.
- e) Explain any two types of weathering.
- f) Define any two Atterberg's Limits of consistency of soil.

**3. Attempt any FOUR of the following:****16**

- a) Calculate coefficient of Uniformity and coefficient of curvature for soil sample for which  $D_{10} = 0.430$  mm and  $D_{30} = 0.790$  mm  $D_{60} = 1.300$  mm.
- b) State the factors affecting permeability of soil.
- c) A soil sample was tested in constant head permeameter. Diameter of sample was 4 cm, length was 15 cm. Under constant head of 20 cm. discharge was found to be 75 cc in 10 minutes. Find coefficient of permeability.
- d) State advantages and disadvantages of direct shear test.
- e) State characteristics of flow net.
- f) Define Active and Passive earth pressure with the help of sketch.

**4. Attempt any FOUR of the following:****16**

- a) State and explain factors affecting bearing capacity of soil.
- b) State assumptions made by Rankines theory of earth pressure for non - cohesive soil.
- c) Explain mechanical soil stabilization and cement soil stabilization.
- d) The following observations were obtained using standard proctor test on a soft soil sample.

Bulk density gm / cc	1.6	1.95	2.15	1.80	1.70
Water content %	20	24	26	31	34

Using graph determine Max. dry density and maximum water content.

- e) Define CBR and state any four significance of CBR test.
- f) Enlist field identification test on soil and explain any one of them.

**5. Attempt any TWO of the following:****16**

- a) Explain with neat sketch stepwise procedure to determine bulk density by sand replacement method.
- b) Explain in steps laboratory method to determine plastic limit of soil sample as per IS 2720.
- c) Define:
  - (i) Coefficient of curvature
  - (ii) Uniformity coefficient
  - (iii) Effective size of soil
  - (iv) Well graded and Uniformly graded soil with the help of particle size distribution curve.

**6. Attempt any TWO of the following:****16**

- a) Explain with neat sketch phreatic line in earthen dam with pressure head at different point and show construction points of this line.
  - b) Explain with neat sketch plate load test as per IS 1888 with two limitations of this test.
  - c) Differentiate between compaction and consolidation and state any four factors affecting compaction.
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